

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

STATE ONLY OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date: June 4, 2019 Effective Date: June 4, 2019

Expiration Date: May 31, 2024

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable unless otherwise designated.

State Only Permit No: 62-00150

Synthetic Minor

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 25-1145409-1

Owner Information

Name: SUPERIOR TIRE & RUBBER CORP

Mailing Address: 1818 PENNSYLVANIA AVE W

PO BOX 308

WARREN, PA 16365-1932

Plant Information

Plant: SUPERIOR TIRE & RUBBER/WARREN

Location: 62 Warren County 62001 Warren City

SIC Code: 3011 Manufacturing - Tires And Inner Tubes

Responsible Official

Name: HANK LEMEUR

Title: PRES

Phone: (814) 723 - 2370

Permit Contact Person

Name: GREG LATIMER
Title: FNVIRONMENTAL M

Title: ENVIRONMENTAL MGR Phone: (814) 723 - 2370

[Signature] _____

ERIC A. GUSTAFSON, NORTHWEST REGION AIR PROGRAMMANAGER



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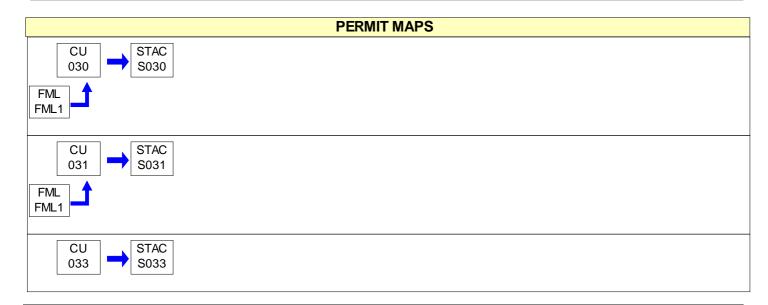
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SECTION A. Site Inventory List

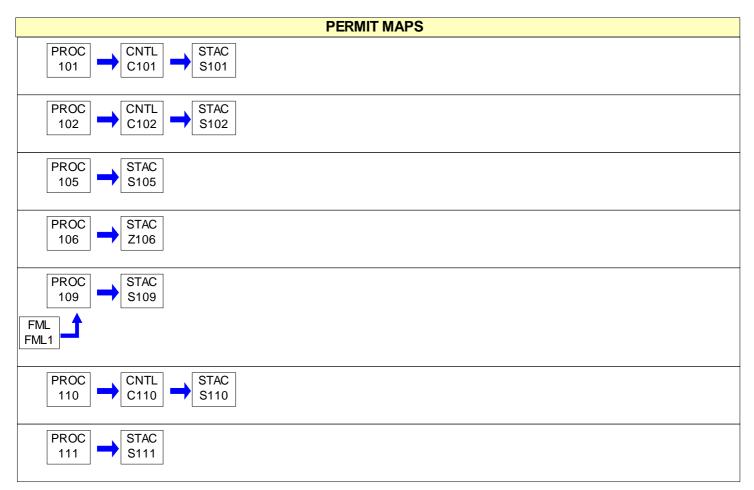
Source II	O Source Name	Capacity	Throughput	Fuel/Material
030	BOILER 1	1.300	MMBTU/HR	
		1,238.000	CF/HR	Natural Gas
031	BOILER 2	2.300	MMBTU/HR	
		2,190.000	CF/HR	Natural Gas
033	BOILER 3 (LOW PRESSURE BOILER)	0.405	MMBTU/HR	
		386.000	CF/HR	Natural Gas
101	SPRAY BOOTH 101	1.000	Lbs/HR	
102	SPRAY BOOTH 102	1.000	Lbs/HR	
105	BURN OFF OVENS (2)	1.000	Lbs/HR	
106	DEGREASER UNIT	1.000	Lbs/HR	
109	MISC. NATURAL GAS USAGE	37,837.000	CF/HR	NATURAL GAS
110	SPRAY BOOTH 110	0.990	Gal/HR	COATING/ADHESIVE
111	KOHLER NATURAL GAS EMERGENCY GENERATOR	100.000	CF/HR	Natural Gas
C101	SPRAY BOOTH 101 DRY PANEL FILTER			
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C110	SPRAY BOOTH 110 FILTER BANK			
FML1	FUEL MATERIAL LOCATION			
S030	STACK FOR BOILER 1			
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62-00150







#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

Definitions.

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446]

Operating Permit Duration.

- (a) This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new operating permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit.

#003 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446 & 127.703(b)&(c)]

Permit Renewal.

- (a) The permittee shall submit a timely and complete application for renewal of the operating permit to the appropriate Regional Air Program Manager. The application for renewal of the operating permit shall be submitted at least six (6) months and not more than 18 months before the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, a description of any permit revisions that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
- (c) The permittee shall submit with the renewal application a fee for the processing of the application and an additional annual administrative fee as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b) and (c). The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and shall be for the amount specified in the following schedule specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b) and (c).
 - (1) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
 - (2) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed for the calendar years beginning in 2005.
- (d) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413.
- (e) The application for renewal of the operating permit shall also include submission of supplemental compliance review forms in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) and § 127.412(j).
- (f) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the permittee submits a complete application, but prior to the date the Department takes action on the permit application.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.703]

Operating Permit Fees under Subchapter I.

- (a) The permittee shall pay fees according to the following schedule specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b):
 - (1) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
 - (2) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed for the calendar years beginning in 2005.

This fee schedule shall apply to the processing of an application for an operating permit as well as the extension,



modification, revision, renewal, and re-issuance of each operating permit or part thereof.

- (b) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit administrative fee according to the fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(c).
 - (1) Two hundred fifty dollars for applications filed during the 1995-1999 calendar years.
 - (2) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
 - (3) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed during the years beginning in 2005.
- (c) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund".

#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 (a)(4) and 127.464]

Transfer of Operating Permits.

- (a) This operating permit may not be transferred to another person, except in cases of transfer-of-ownership that are documented and approved by the Department.
- (b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if the Department determines that no other change in the permit is required and a written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee and a compliance review form has been submitted to, and the permit transfer has been approved by, the Department.
- (c) This operating permit is valid only for those specific sources and the specific source locations described in this permit.

#006 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441 and 35 P.S. § 4008] Inspection and Entry.

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Department or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted thereunder including denying the Department access to a source at this facility. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of criminal and/or civil penalties.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

#007 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441 & 127.444]

Compliance Requirements.

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this operating permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes



a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one or more of the following:

- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued for the source is operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this State-Only permit. Nothing in this sub-condition shall be construed to create an independent affirmative duty upon the permittee to obtain a predetermination from the Department for physical configuration or engineering design detail changes made by the permittee.

#008 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it was necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#009 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.442(a) & 127.461]

Duty to Provide Information.

- (a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of each source at the facility.
- (b) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, in writing, information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to maintain in accordance with this permit.

#010 [25 Pa. Code § 127.461]

Revising an Operating Permit for Cause.

This operating permit may be terminated, modified, suspended or revoked and reissued if one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The permittee constructs or operates the source subject to the operating permit so that it is in violation of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, a plan approval, a permit or in a manner that causes air pollution.
- (2) The permittee fails to properly or adequately maintain or repair an air pollution control device or equipment attached to or otherwise made a part of the source.
- (3) The permittee has failed to submit a report required by the operating permit or an applicable regulation.
- (4) The EPA determines that the permit is not in compliance with the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 & 127.462]

Operating Permit Modifications

(a) The permittee is authorized to make administrative amendments, minor operating permit modifications and



significant operating permit modifications, under this permit, as outlined below:

- (b) Administrative Amendments. The permittee shall make administrative operating permit amendments (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)), according to procedures specified in § 127.450 unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or its regulations.
- (c) Minor Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall make minor operating permit modifications (as defined 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.462.
- (d) Permit modifications which do not qualify as minor permit modifications under 25 Pa. Code § 127.541 will be treated as a significant operating permit revision subject to the public notification procedures in §§ 127.424 and 127.425.

#012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Severability Clause.

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.449]

De Minimis Emission Increases.

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 so long as the permittee provides the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase. The written notice shall:
 - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.
- (b) The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.
- (c) Except as provided below in (d), the permittee is authorized to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
 - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee is authorized to install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval or permit modification:



- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
 - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.
- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
 - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
 - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
 - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (e) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases, installation of minor sources made pursuant to this permit condition and Plan Approval Exemptions under 25 Pa. Code § 127.14 (relating to exemptions), the permittee is prohibited from making changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

Operational Flexibility.

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the facility in accordance with the regulatory provisions outlined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.3 (relating to operational flexibility) to implement the operational flexibility requirements provisions authorized under Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act and the operational flexibility terms and conditions of this permit. The provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements include the following:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with Federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)



- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and general operating permits)

#015 [25 Pa. Code § 127.11]

Reactivation

- (a) The permittee may not reactivate a source that has been out of operation or production for at least one year unless the reactivation is conducted in accordance with a plan approval granted by the Department or in accordance with reactivation and maintenance plans developed and approved by the Department in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(a).
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.36]

Health Risk-based Emission Standards and Operating Practice Requirements.

- (a) When needed to protect public health, welfare and the environment from emissions of hazardous air pollutants from new and existing sources, the permittee shall comply with the health risk-based emission standards or operating practice requirements imposed by the Department, except as precluded by §§ 6.6(d)(2) and (3) of the Air Pollution Control Act [35 P.S. § 4006.6(d)(2) and (3)].
- (b) A person challenging a performance or emission standard established by the Department has the burden to demonstrate that performance or emission standard does not meet the requirements of Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

#017 [25 Pa. Code § 121.9]

Circumvention.

No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of 25 Pa. Code Article III, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.442]

Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, the Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pa. Code Article III including Chapters 127, 135 and 139.
- (b) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of any air contamination source.
- (c) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager
PA Department of Environmental Protection
(At the address given in the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

- (d) Any records or information including applications, forms, or reports submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy and completeness. The certifications submitted under this permit shall require a responsible official of the facility to certify that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, accurate and complete.
- (e) Any records, reports or information submitted to the Department shall be available to the public except for such



records, reports or information which meet the confidentiality requirements of § 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and §§ 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act. The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the facility.

#019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 135.5]

Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the other applicable requirements of 25 Pa. Code Article III and additional requirements related to monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping required by the Clean Air Act and the regulations thereunder including the Compliance Assurance Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, where applicable.
- (b) Unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, sampling, testing and monitoring required by or used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with any applicable regulation or permit condition shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139.

#020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) and 135.5]

Recordkeeping.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, the following records of monitored information:
 - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
 - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
 - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
 - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - (5) The results of the analyses.
 - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of any required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring, sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions.

#021 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441(a)]

Property Rights.

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#022 [25 Pa. Code § 127.447]

Alternative Operating Scenarios.

The permittee is authorized to make changes at the facility to implement alternative operating scenarios identified in this permit in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.447.



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §121.7]

Prohibition of air pollution.

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the act.

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:
 - (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
 - (2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
 - (4) Clearing of land.
 - (5) Stockpiling of materials.
 - (6) Open burning operations.
 - (7) Not applicable.
 - (8) Not applicable.
- (9) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in paragraphs (1)-(8), for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
 - (i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.
- (b) An application form for requesting a determination under either subsection (a)(9) or 129.15(c) is available from the Department. In reviewing these applications, the Department may require the applicant to supply information including, but not limited to, a description of proposed control measures, characteristics of emissions, quantity of emissions, and ambient air quality data and analysis showing the impact of the source on ambient air quality. The applicant shall be required to demonstrate that the requirements of subsections (a)(9) and (c) and 123.2 (relating to fugitive particulate matter) or of the requirements of 129.15(c) have been satisfied. Upon such demonstration, the Department will issue a determination, in writing, either as an operating permit condition, for those sources subject to permit requirements under the act, or as an order containing appropriate conditions and limitations.
 - (c) See work practice standard requirement.
 - (d) Not applicable.

003 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

Fugitive particulate matter

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in Section C, Condition #001 above, if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.





004 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

005 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.
- (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

006 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

Exceptions

The limitations of 123.41 (relating to limitations) shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:

- (1) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
- (3) When the emission results from sources specified in 123.1(a)(1) -- (9) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions).
- (4) Not Applicable.

007 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) The facility VOC emissions shall not exceed 49.5 tpy based on a 12-month rolling total.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(b) The permittee shall not emit hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) from the facility in quantities greater than 9.9 tons per year for any single HAP or 24.9 tons per year for multiple HAPs based on a 12-month rolling total.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

008 [25 Pa. Code §127.411]

Content of applications.

The Department reserves the right to require exhaust stack testing of any source as necessary to verify emissions for purposes including determining the correct emission fee, malfunctions, or determining compliance with any applicable requirement.

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

009 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.



IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

010 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) The facility shall maintain records of the VOC emissions from all sources at the facility. The facility shall maintain a list of each VOC source, monthly VOC emissions from each VOC source, 12-month rolling totals for each VOC source, and 12-month rolling total for the entire facility.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(b) The permittee shall keep a monthly record of HAP (Hazardous Air Pollutant) emission from the facility. Present month record shall be added with previous 11 months to get 12-month rolling total.

011 [25 Pa. Code §135.5]

Recordkeeping

Source owners or operators shall maintain and make available upon request by the Department records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with 135.21 (relating to reporting; and emission statements). These may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

012 [25 Pa. Code §135.21]

Emission statements

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), this section applies to stationary sources or facilities:
- (1) Located in an area designated by the Clean Air Act as a marginal, moderate, serious, severe or extreme ozone nonattainment area and which emit oxides of nitrogen or VOC.
- (2) Not located in an area described in subparagraph (1) and included in the Northeast Ozone Transport Region which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons or more oxides of nitrogen or 50 tons or more of VOC per year.
- (b) The owner or operator of each stationary source emitting oxides of nitrogen or VOC's shall provide the Department with a statement, in a form as the Department may prescribe, for classes or categories of sources, showing the actual emissions of oxides of nitrogen and VOCs from that source for each reporting period, a description of the method used to calculate the emissions and the time period over which the calculation is based. The statement shall contain a certification by a company officer or the plant manager that the information contained in the statement is accurate.
- (c) Annual emission statements are due by March 1 for the preceding calendar year beginning with March 1, 1993, for calendar year 1992 and shall provide data consistent with requirements and guidance developed by the EPA. The guidance document is available from: United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M. Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. The Department may require more frequent submittals if the Department determines that one or more of the following applies:
 - (1) A more frequent submission is required by the EPA.
 - (2) Analysis of the data on a more frequent basis is necessary to implement the requirements of the act.
- (d) Subsection (a) does not apply to a class or category of stationary sources which emits less than 25 tons per year of VOC's or oxides of nitrogen, if the Department in its submissions to the Administrator of the EPA under section 182(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. 7511a(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii)) provides an inventory of emissions from the class or category of sources based on the use of the emission factors established by the Administrator or other methods acceptable to the Administrator. The Department will publish in the Pennsylvania Bulletin a notice of the lists of classes or categories of sources which are exempt from the emission statement requirement under this subsection.





013 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

Reporting

- (a) A person who owns or operates a source to which this chapter applies, and who has previously been advised by the Department to submit a source report, shall submit by March 1 of each year a source report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the proceeding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.
- (b) A person who receives initial notification by the Department that a source report is necessary shall submit an initial source report within 60 days after receiving the notification or by March 1 of the year following the year for which the report is required, whichever is later.
- (c) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

014 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

Report format

Source reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Source reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

015 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

A person responsible for any source specified in Section C, Condition #001, above shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.
- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.
 - (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.
- (4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

[From: 25 Pa. Code §123.1 (c)]

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

016 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

Open burning operations

- (a) Not applicable.
- (b) No person may permit the open burning of material in an area outside of air basins in a manner that:
- (1) The emissions are visible, at any time, at the point such emissions pass outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
- (2) Malodorous air contaminants from the open burning are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
 - (3) The emissions interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of life or property.
 - (4) The emissions cause damage to vegetation or property.



- (5) The emissions are or may be deleterious to human or animal health.
- (c) Exceptions: The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) do not apply where the open burning operations result from:
- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
 - (2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
 - (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
 - (4) Not applicable.
 - (5) Not applicable.
 - (6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
 - (7) A fire set solely for cooking food.
 - (d) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:
 - (1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor -- A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes -- Trees, shrubs, and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.

- (2) Not applicable.
- (3) Subsection (b) notwithstanding clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned outside of an air basin, subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Upon receipt of a complaint or determination by the Department that an air pollution problem exists, the Department may order that the open burning cease or comply with subsection (b) of this section.
- (ii) Authorization for open burning under this paragraph does not apply to clearing and grubbing wastes transported from an air basin for disposal outside of an air basin.
- (4) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in such chapter.

[This permit does not constitute authorization to burn solid waste pursuant to Section 610(3) of the Solid Waste Management Act, 35 P.S. Section 6018.610(3), or any other provision of the Solid Waste Management Act.]

VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to State Only General Requirements).

IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.



62-00150

SUPERIOR TIRE & RUBBER/WARREN

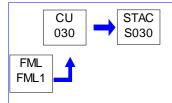


SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 030 Source Name: BOILER 1

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.300 MMBTU/HR

1,238.000 CF/HR Natural Gas



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

Combustion units

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over any 1-hour period.

Fuel Restriction(s).

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall use only pipeline quality natural gas as fuel for each source.

[To ensure exemption from § 40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

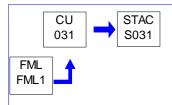




Source ID: 031 Source Name: BOILER 2

Source Capacity/Throughput: 2.300 MMBTU/HR

2,190.000 CF/HR Natural Gas



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

Combustion units

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over any 1-hour period.

Fuel Restriction(s).

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall use only pipeline quality natural gas as fuel for each source.

[To ensure exemption from § 40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





Source ID: 033 Source Name: BOILER 3 (LOW PRESSURE BOILER)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 0.405 MMBTU/HR

386.000 CF/HR Natural Gas

CU 033 → STAC S033

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

Combustion units

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over any 1-hour period.

Fuel Restriction(s).

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall use only pipeline quality natural gas as fuel for each source.

[To ensure exemption from § 40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

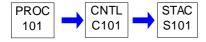


Source ID: 101 Source Name: SPRAY BOOTH 101

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.000 Lbs/HR

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 25 PA. CODE § 129.52

25 PA. CODE § 129.52D 25 PA. CODE § 129.77 SPRAY BOOTHS 101 & 102



I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

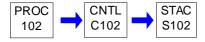


Source ID: 102 Source Name: SPRAY BOOTH 102

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.000 Lbs/HR

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 25 PA. CODE § 129.52

25 PA. CODE § 129.52D 25 PA. CODE § 129.77 SPRAY BOOTHS 101 & 102



I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

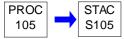






Source ID: 105 Source Name: BURN OFF OVENS (2)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.000 Lbs/HR



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

The operation of a burn off oven shall not at any time result in the emission of particulate matter in excess of 0.02 gr/dscf.

[From: General Permit # BAQ-GPA/GP-4, Condition #19(a)(ii) - i.e., for units installed on or after March 29, 1997. Compliance with this condition assures compliance with § 123.13.]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate a temperature indicator and recorder to measure the temperature in the secondary chamber of burn off oven.

[From: General Permit # BAQ-GPA/GP-4, condition #8]

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall keep a record of the temperature in the secondary chamber of the burn off oven.
- (b) The records shall be kept for a period of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[From: General Permit # BAQ-GPA/GP-4, condition #8]

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

The permittee shall immediately notify the Department of any malfunction of plant equipment or associated air cleaning device(s) which results in, or may possibly be resulting in the emission of air contaminants in excess of any applicable



62-00150



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

limitation.

[From: General Permit # BAQ-GPA/GP-4, condition #17]

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The burn off oven secondary chamber shall be maintained at a minimum temperature of 1400° F during the period of operation. This minimum temperature of 1400° F must be established prior to the commencement of parts burn off in the burn off chamber. Instrumentation shall be provided for the monitoring of the secondary chamber temperature. The minimum retention time of gas within the secondary chamber shall be 0.5 seconds.
- (b) Burn off ovens shall not be used to burn coatings that contain halogenated hydrocarbons like PVS, or Teflon.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain this source in a manner consistent with good operating and maintenance practices.
- (d) The permittee shall operate and maintain this source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification.

[From: General Permit # BAQ-GPA/GP-4, condition #4,#8,#18,#20,#21]

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

007 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

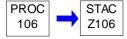
The permittee shall upon Departrment request, provide fuel analysis or fuel samples, of the fuel used in the burn off oven.

[From: BAQ-GPA/GP-4, condition #8]



Source ID: 106 Source Name: DEGREASER UNIT

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.000 Lbs/HR



I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

001 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

Degreasing operations

- (a) Cold cleaning machines. Except for those subject to the Federal National emissions standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) for halogenated solvent cleaners under 40 CFR Part 63 (relating to National emission standards for hazardous air pollutants for source categories), this subsection applies to cold cleaning machines that use 2 gallons or more of solvents containing greater than 5% VOC content by weight for the cleaning of metal parts.
 - (1) Immersion cold cleaning machines shall have a freeboard ratio of 0.50 or greater.
 - (2) Immersion cold cleaning machines and remote reservoir cold cleaning machines shall:
- (i) Have a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operating requirements in paragraph (3). In addition, the label shall include the following discretionary good operating practices:
- (A) Cleaned parts should be drained at least 15 seconds or until dripping ceases, whichever is longer. Parts having cavities or blind holes shall be tipped or rotated while the part is draining. During the draining, tipping or rotating, the parts should be positioned so that solvent drains directly back to the cold cleaning machine.
- (B) When a pump-agitated solvent bath is used, the agitator should be operated to produce a rolling motion of the solvent with no observable splashing of the solvent against the tank walls or the parts being cleaned.



- (C) Work area fans should be located and positioned so that they do not blow across the opening of the degreaser unit.
- (ii) Be equipped with a cover that shall be closed at all times except during cleaning of parts or the addition or removal of solvent. For remote reservoir cold cleaning machines which drain directly into the solvent storage reservoir, a perforated drain with a diameter of not more than 6 inches shall constitute an acceptable cover.
 - (3) Cold cleaning machines shall be operated in accordance with the following procedures:
- (i) Waste solvent shall be collected and stored in closed containers. The closed containers may contain a device that allows pressure relief, but does not allow liquid solvent to drain from the container.
- (ii) Flushing of parts using a flexible hose or other flushing device shall be performed only within the cold cleaning machine. The solvent spray shall be a solid fluid stream, not an atomized or shower spray.
- (iii) Sponges, fabric, wood, leather, paper products and other absorbent materials may not be cleaned in the cold cleaning machine.
 - (iv) Air agitated solvent baths may not be used.
 - (v) Spills during solvent transfer and use of the cold cleaning machine shall be cleaned up immediately.
- (4) After December 22, 2002, a person may not use, sell or offer for sale for use in a cold cleaning machine any solvent with a vapor pressure of 1.0 millimeter of mercury (mm Hg) or greater and containing greater than 5% VOC by weight, measured at 20°C (68°F) containing VOCs.
- (5) On and after December 22, 2002, a person who sells or offers for sale any solvent containing VOCs for use in a cold cleaning machine shall provide, to the purchaser, the following written information:
 - (i) The name and address of the solvent supplier.
 - (ii) The type of solvent including the product or vendor identification number.
- (iii) The vapor pressure of the solvent measured in mm hg at 20°C (68°F).
- (6) A person who operates a cold cleaning machine shall maintain for at least 5 years and shall provide to the Department, on request, the information specified in paragraph (5). An invoice, bill of sale, certificate that corresponds to a number of sales, Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), or other appropriate documentation acceptable to the Department may be used to comply with this section.
 - (7) Paragraph (4) does not apply:
 - (i) To cold cleaning machines used in extreme cleaning service.
- (ii) If the owner or operator of the cold cleaning machine demonstrates, and the Department approves in writing, that compliance with paragraph (4) will result in unsafe operating conditions.
 - (iii) To immersion cold cleaning machines with a freeboard ratio equal to or greater than 0.75.
- (b) to (e): Not applicable.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



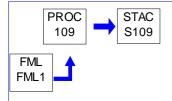
SECTION D.

62-00150

Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 109 Source Name: MISC. NATURAL GAS USAGE

Source Capacity/Throughput: 37,837.000 CF/HR NATURAL GAS



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from this process in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



Source ID: 110 Source Name: SPRAY BOOTH 110

Source Capacity/Throughput: 0.990 Gal/HR COATING/ADHESIVE

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 25 PA. CODE § 129.52

25 PA. CODE § 129.52D 25 PA. CODE § 129.77



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

- (a) Subsections (b) and (c) apply to all processes except combustion units, incinerators and pulp mill smelt dissolving tanks.
- (b) Not applicable
- (c) For processes not listed in subsection (b)(1), including but not limited to, coke oven battery waste heat stacks and autogeneous zinc coker waste heat stacks, the following shall apply:
- (1) Prohibited emissions. No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from any process not listed in subsection (b)(1) in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds any of the following:
- (i) 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.
 - (ii) Not applicable
 - (iii) Not applicable
 - (2) Allowable emissions. Allowable emissions under this subsection are graphically indicated in Appendix C.

(d) Not applicable

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) VOC emissions from this booth (110) shall not exceed 22.0 tpy based on a 12-month rolling total.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(b) VOC emissions from this booth (110) and Sources 101 and 102 combined shall not exceed 45.0 tpy based on a 12-month rolling total.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(c) Single HAP emission (Toluene) from this booth (110) shall not exceed 8.52 tpy based on a 12-month rolling total.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

- (a) All recordkeeping shall commence upon startup of the source/control device. All records shall be kept for a period of five
- (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(b) The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventive maintenance inspections of the control device. These records shall include, at a minimum, the dates of the inspections, the name of the person performing the inspection, any problems or defects identified, any actions taken to correct the problems or defects, and any routine maintenance performed.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

- (c) The permittee shall record the following operational data from the source/control device (these records may be done with strip charts recorders, data acquisition systems, or manual log entries):
- 1. Pressure differential daily defined as once per calendar day

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(d) The facility shall keep records of the adhesives used and the VOC and HAP emissions from the adhesives.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

The facility shall determine that proposed changes in coatings and formulations are compliant with the emission limitation from Table 1 of 25 PA Code 129.52 prior to implementation of the new coating or formulation. This determination shall be done by one of the following methods:

- (1) Calculation of the VOC content of the as applied coating as in 25 PA Code 129.52(b)(1)(i)
- (2) As applied coating sampling done in accordance with EPA methods
- (3) Coating certified product data sheets or equivalent when no additional solvents are added

After the company has determined that the coating or formulation meets the required emission limitation, the facility shall notify the Department of the new coating or formulation at least two weeks prior to implementation.

[Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold of § 129.52d is triggered, the permittee must comply with VOC content limits in § 129.52d.]

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the source and control device when in operation.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]



(b) The source shall not operate when the control device is not operating.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(c) A magnehelic gauge (or equivalent) shall be permanently installed and maintained at a conveniently readable location to indicate the pressure drop across the control device.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(d) Whenever a condition in this permit requires the measurement of pressure drop across any part of the unit or its control device, the gauge employed shall have a scale such that the expected normal reading shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(e) The facility shall maintain the pressure drop across the collector between 0.01 to 0.5 inches of water column.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

- (f) The facility shall comply with the following BAT requirements:
- (1) As-applied coatings (which do not include adhesives) used in the spray booths shall comply with the applicable limit(s) in 25 PA Code 129.52.

[Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold of § 129.52d is triggered, the permittee must comply with VOC content limits in § 129.52d.]

- (2) All spray guns used in these booths shall be of the high volume, low pressure (HVLP) type, or a type equivalent to or better than HVLP in terms of transfer efficiency.
- (3) All spray guns shall be cleaned as needed or before allowing to set idle for extended periods. All spray guns used in these booths shall always be cleaned with enclosed spray gun cleaning equipment designed specifically for this purpose.
 - (4) The system shall be checked daily for leaks of lines and guns.
- (5) Good housekeeping practices shall be followed at all times, including but not limited to, any spills of adhesive, paint and solvent being cleaned up immediately, and containers of adhesive, paint and solvent kept closed when not in use.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(g) The permittee shall maintain and operate the source/control device in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) The Department has determined that the use of P-11/MEK adhesive as a primer along with the use of the 520EF/Xylene adhesive is allowable under the equivalency provisions of 129.51.

007 [25 Pa. Code §129.51]

General

- (a) Equivalency. Compliance with § \$ 129.52, 129.52a, 129.52b, 129.52c, 129.54—129.69, 129.71—129.73 and 129.77 may be achieved by alternative methods if the following exist:
 - (1) The alternative method is approved by the Department in an applicable plan approval or operating permit, or both.
- (2) The resulting emissions are equal to or less than the emissions that would have been discharged by complying with the applicable emission limitation.



- (3) Compliance by a method other than the use of a low VOC coating, adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent, cleanup solvent, cleaning solution, fountain solution or ink which meets the applicable emission limitation in § § 129.52, 129.52a, 129.52b, 129.52c, 129.67, 129.67a, 129.67b, 129.73 and 129.77 shall be determined on the basis of equal volumes of solids.
 - (4) Capture efficiency testing and emissions testing are conducted in accordance with methods approved by the EPA.
 - (5) Adequate records are maintained to ensure enforceability.
- (6) The alternative compliance method is incorporated into a plan approval or operating permit, or both, reviewed by the EPA, including the use of an air cleaning device to comply with § 129.52, § 129.52a, § 129.52b, § 129.52c, § 129.67, § 129.67b, § 129.68(b)(2) and (c)(2), § 129.73 or § 129.77.
- (b) New source performance standards. Sources covered by new source performance standards which are more stringent than those contained in this chapter shall comply with those standards in lieu of the standards in this chapter.
- (c) Demonstration of compliance. Unless otherwise set forth in this chapter, test methods and procedures used to monitor compliance with the emission requirements of this section are those specified in Chapter 139 (relating to sampling and testing).
- (d) Records. The owner or operator of a facility or source subject to one or more of the VOC emission limitations and control requirements in this chapter shall keep records to demonstrate compliance with the applicable limitation or control requirement.
- (1) The records shall provide sufficient data and calculations to clearly demonstrate that the applicable emission limitation or control requirement is met. Data or information required to determine compliance with an applicable limitation shall be recorded and maintained in a time frame consistent with the averaging period of the standard.
- (2) The records shall be maintained onsite for 2 years, unless a longer period is required by a plan approval or operating permit issued under Chapter 127 (relating to construction, modification, reactivation and operation of sources). The records shall be made available to the Department on request.
- (e) Demonstration of exempt status. The owner or operator of a facility or source claiming that the facility or source is exempt from the VOC control provisions of this chapter shall maintain records that clearly demonstrate to the Department that the facility or source is not subject to the VOC emission limitations or control requirements of this chapter.



Source ID: 111 Source Name: KOHLER NATURAL GAS EMERGENCY GENERATOR

Source Capacity/Throughput: 100.000 CF/HR Natural Gas

PROC STAC S111

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from this process in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

003 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4233]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What emission standards must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) (d) [Not applicable]
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 75 KW (100 HP) (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) must comply with the emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart for their stationary SI ICE.

TABLE 1: NOX, CO, and VOC Emission Standards for Stationary Non-Emergency SI Engines > 100 HP (Except Gasoline and Rich Burn LPG), Stationary SI Landfill/Digester Gas Engines, and Stationary Emergency Engines >25 HP.

ENGINE TYPE AND FUEL: Emergency.

MAXIMUM ENGINE POWER: HP greater than or equal to 130

EMISSION STANDARDS:

In g/HP-hr

- (1) NOx: 2.00 g/HP-Hr
- (2) CO: 4.0 g/HP-hr
- (3) VOC: 1.0g/HP-hr

In ppmvd at 15% O2

- (1) NOx: 160 ppmvd at 15 % O2
- (2) CO: 540 ppmvd at 15% O2
- (3) VOC: 86 ppmvd at 15% O2
- (f) (g) [Not applicable]
- (h) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that are required to meet standards that reference 40 CFR 1048.101 must, if testing their engines in use, meet the standards in that section applicable to field testing, except as indicated in paragraph (e) of this section.





[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37973, June 28, 2011]

004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4234]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
How long must I meet the emission standards if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine

Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE must operate and maintain stationary SI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in §60.4233 over the entire life of the engine.

Fuel Restriction(s).

005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

(e) Owners and operators of stationary SI natural gas fired engines may operate their engines using propane for a maximum of 100 hours per year as an alternative fuel solely during emergency operations, but must keep records of such use. If propane is used for more than 100 hours per year in an engine that is not certified to the emission standards when using propane, the owners and operators are required to conduct a performance test to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of §60.4233.

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]

Operation Hours Restriction(s).

006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (d) If you own or operate an emergency stationary ICE, you must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
 - (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (d)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (d)(3) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (d)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
 - (ii) (iii) [Vacated]
 - (3) [Not applicable]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]



II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4237]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are the monitoring requirements if I am an owner or operator of an emergency stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) [Not applicable]
- (b) Starting on January 1, 2011, if the emergency stationary SI internal combustion engine that is greater than or equal to 130 HP and less than 500 HP that was built on or after January 1, 2011, does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator must install a non-resettable hour meter.
- (c) [Not applicable]

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

008 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]
Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventive maintenance inspections. These records shall at a minimum contain the dates of the inspections, any problems or defects, the actions taken to correct the problem or defects, any routine maintenance performed.

009 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4245]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my notification, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

Owners or operators of stationary SI ICE must meet the following notification, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) Owners and operators of all stationary SI ICE must keep records of the information in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
 - (1) All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and all documentation supporting any notification.
 - (2) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (3) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 90, 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (4) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to §60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.
- (b) For all stationary SI emergency ICE greater than or equal to 130 HP and less than 500 HP manufactured on or after July 1, 2011 that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator of must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. For all stationary SI emergency ICE greater than 25 HP and less than 130 HP manufactured on or after July 1, 2008, that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator of must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.
- (c) (e) [Not applicable]



[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 59177, Oct. 8, 2008; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013; 81 FR 59809, Aug. 30, 2016]

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain this source in accordance with manufacturer's specification and good air pollution control practices.

011 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is manufactured after July 1, 2008, and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(a) through (c), you must comply by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in §60.4231(a) through (c), as applicable, for the same engine class and maximum engine power. In addition, you must meet one of the requirements specified in (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) If you operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, you must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator. You must also meet the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 1068, subparts A through D, as they apply to you. If you adjust engine settings according to and consistent with the manufacturer's instructions, your stationary SI internal combustion engine will not be considered out of compliance.
- (2) If you do not operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, your engine will be considered a non-certified engine, and you must demonstrate compliance according to (a)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section, as appropriate.
 - (i) [Not applicable]
- (ii) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test within 1 year of engine startup to demonstrate compliance.
 - (iii) [Not applicable]
- (b) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(d) or (e), you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in this subpart, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
 - (2) [Not applicable]
- (c) [Not applicable]



- (d) [See I. Restrictions, Operation Hours Restrictions for this source]
- (e) [See I. Restrictions, Fuel Restrictions for this source]
- (f) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is less than or equal to 500 HP and you purchase a non-certified engine or you do not operate and maintain your certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's written emission-related instructions, you are required to perform initial performance testing as indicated in this section, but you are not required to conduct subsequent performance testing unless the stationary engine is rebuilt or undergoes major repair or maintenance. A rebuilt stationary SI ICE means an engine that has been rebuilt as that term is defined in 40 CFR 94.11(a).
- (g) (i) [Not applicable]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

- # 012 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4230] Subpart JJJJ Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Am I subject to this subpart?
- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to manufacturers, owners, and operators of stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE) as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section. For the purposes of this subpart, the date that construction commences is the date the engine is ordered by the owner or operator.
 - (1) (3) [Not applicable]
- (4) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence construction after June 12, 2006, where the stationary SI ICE are manufactured:
 - (i) (iii) [Not applicable]
 - (iv) on or after January 1, 2009, for emergency engines with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP).
 - (5) [Not applicable]
- (6) The provisions of §60.4236 of this subpart are applicable to all owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence construction after June 12, 2006.
- (b) [Not applicable]
- (c) If you are an owner or operator of an area source subject to this subpart, you are exempt from the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, provided you are not required to obtain a permit under 40 CFR 70.3(a) or 40 CFR 71.3(a) for a reason other than your status as an area source under this subpart. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, you must continue to comply with the provisions of this subpart as applicable.
- (d) (f) [Not applicable]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37972, June 28, 2011]

- # 013 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4236] Subpart JJJJ Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What is the deadline for importing or installing stationary SI ICE produced in the previous model year?
- (a) (b) [Not applicable]
- (c) For emergency stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than 19 KW (25 HP), owners and operators may not install engines that do not meet the applicable requirements in §60.4233 after January 1, 2011.



(d) - (e) [Not applicable]

014 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4246] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 3 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in § §60.1 through 60.19 apply to you.

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4248] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What definitions apply to this subpart?

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the CAA and in subpart A of this part.

Certified emissions life means the period during which the engine is designed to properly function in terms of reliability and fuel consumption, without being remanufactured, specified as a number of hours of operation or calendar years, whichever comes first. The values for certified emissions life for stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power less than or equal to 19 KW (25 HP) are given in 40 CFR 90.105, 40 CFR 1054.107, and 40 CFR 1060.101, as appropriate. The values for certified emissions life for stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP) certified to 40 CFR part 1048 are given in 40 CFR 1048.101(g). The certified emissions life for stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than 75 KW (100 HP) certified under the voluntary manufacturer certification program of this subpart is 5,000 hours or 7 years, whichever comes first. You may request in your application for certification that we approve a shorter certified emissions life for an engine family. We may approve a shorter certified emissions life, in hours of engine operation but not in years, if we determine that these engines will rarely operate longer than the shorter certified emissions life. If engines identical to those in the engine family have already been produced and are in use, your demonstration must include documentation from such in-use engines. In other cases, your demonstration must include an engineering analysis of information equivalent to such in-use data, such as data from research engines or similar engine models that are already in production. Your demonstration must also include any overhaul interval that you recommend, any mechanical warranty that you offer for the engine or its components, and any relevant customer design specifications. Your demonstration may include any other relevant information. The certified emissions life value may not be shorter than any of the following:

- (i) 1,000 hours of operation.
- (ii) Your recommended overhaul interval.
- (iii) Your mechanical warranty for the engine.

Certified stationary internal combustion engine means an engine that belongs to an engine family that has a certificate of conformity that complies with the emission standards and requirements in this part, or of 40 CFR part 90, 40 CFR part 1048, or 40 CFR part 1054, as appropriate.

Combustion turbine means all equipment, including but not limited to the turbine, the fuel, air, lubrication and exhaust gas systems, control systems (except emissions control equipment), and any ancillary components and sub-components comprising any simple cycle combustion turbine, any regenerative/recuperative cycle combustion turbine, the combustion turbine portion of any cogeneration cycle combustion system, or the combustion turbine portion of any combined cycle steam/electric generating system.

Compression ignition means relating to a type of stationary internal combustion engine that is not a spark ignition engine.

Date of manufacture means one of the following things:

- (1) For freshly manufactured engines and modified engines, date of manufacture means the date the engine is originally produced.
- (2) For reconstructed engines, date of manufacture means the date the engine was originally produced, except as specified





in paragraph (3) of this definition.

(3) Reconstructed engines are assigned a new date of manufacture if the fixed capital cost of the new and refurbished components exceeds 75 percent of the fixed capital cost of a comparable entirely new facility. An engine that is produced from a previously used engine block does not retain the date of manufacture of the engine in which the engine block was previously used if the engine is produced using all new components except for the engine block. In these cases, the date of manufacture is the date of reconstruction or the date the new engine is produced.

Diesel fuel means any liquid obtained from the distillation of petroleum with a boiling point of approximately 150 to 360 degrees Celsius. One commonly used form is number 2 distillate oil.

Digester gas means any gaseous by-product of wastewater treatment typically formed through the anaerobic decomposition of organic waste materials and composed principally of methane and carbon dioxide (CO2).

Emergency stationary internal combustion engine means any stationary reciprocating internal combustion engine that meets all of the criteria in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this definition. All emergency stationary ICE must comply with the requirements specified in §60.4243(d) in order to be considered emergency stationary ICE. If the engine does not comply with the requirements specified in §60.4243(d), then it is not considered to be an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart.

- (1) The stationary ICE is operated to provide electrical power or mechanical work during an emergency situation. Examples include stationary ICE used to produce power for critical networks or equipment (including power supplied to portions of a facility) when electric power from the local utility (or the normal power source, if the facility runs on its own power production) is interrupted, or stationary ICE used to pump water in the case of fire or flood, etc.
- (2) The stationary ICE is operated under limited circumstances for situations not included in paragraph (1) of this definition, as specified in §60.4243(d).
- (3) The stationary ICE operates as part of a financial arrangement with another entity in situations not included in paragraph (1) of this definition only as allowed in §60.4243(d)(2)(ii) or (iii) and §60.4243(d)(3)(i).

Engine manufacturer means the manufacturer of the engine. See the definition of "manufacturer" in this section.

Four-stroke engine means any type of engine which completes the power cycle in two crankshaft revolutions, with intake and compression strokes in the first revolution and power and exhaust strokes in the second revolution.

Freshly manufactured engine means an engine that has not been placed into service. An engine becomes freshly manufactured when it is originally produced.

Gasoline means any fuel sold in any State for use in motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines, or nonroad or stationary engines, and commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline.

Installed means the engine is placed and secured at the location where it is intended to be operated.

Landfill gas means a gaseous by-product of the land application of municipal refuse typically formed through the anaerobic decomposition of waste materials and composed principally of methane and CO2.

Lean burn engine means any two-stroke or four-stroke spark ignited engine that does not meet the definition of a rich burn engine.

Liquefied petroleum gas means any liquefied hydrocarbon gas obtained as a by-product in petroleum refining or natural gas production.

Manufacturer has the meaning given in section 216(1) of the Clean Air Act. In general, this term includes any person who manufactures a stationary engine for sale in the United States or otherwise introduces a new stationary engine into commerce in the United States. This includes importers who import stationary engines for resale.

Maximum engine power means maximum engine power as defined in 40 CFR 1048.801.



Model year means the calendar year in which an engine is manufactured (see "date of manufacture"), except as follows:

- (1) Model year means the annual new model production period of the engine manufacturer in which an engine is manufactured (see "date of manufacture"), if the annual new model production period is different than the calendar year and includes January 1 of the calendar year for which the model year is named. It may not begin before January 2 of the previous calendar year and it must end by December 31 of the named calendar year.
- (2) For an engine that is converted to a stationary engine after being placed into service as a nonroad or other non-stationary engine, model year means the calendar year or new model production period in which the engine was manufactured (see "date of manufacture").

Natural gas means a naturally occurring mixture of hydrocarbon and non-hydrocarbon gases found in geologic formations beneath the Earth's surface, of which the principal constituent is methane. Natural gas may be field or pipeline quality.

Other internal combustion engine means any internal combustion engine, except combustion turbines, which is not a reciprocating internal combustion engine or rotary internal combustion engine.

Pipeline-quality natural gas means a naturally occurring fluid mixture of hydrocarbons (e.g., methane, ethane, or propane) produced in geological formations beneath the Earth's surface that maintains a gaseous state at standard atmospheric temperature and pressure under ordinary conditions, and which is provided by a supplier through a pipeline. Pipeline-quality natural gas must either be composed of at least 70 percent methane by volume or have a gross calorific value between 950 and 1,100 British thermal units per standard cubic foot.

Rich burn engine means any four-stroke spark ignited engine where the manufacturer's recommended operating air/fuel ratio divided by the stoichiometric air/fuel ratio at full load conditions is less than or equal to 1.1. Engines originally manufactured as rich burn engines, but modified prior to June 12, 2006, with passive emission control technology for NOX (such as pre-combustion chambers) will be considered lean burn engines. Also, existing engines where there are no manufacturer's recommendations regarding air/fuel ratio will be considered a rich burn engine if the excess oxygen content of the exhaust at full load conditions is less than or equal to 2 percent.

Rotary internal combustion engine means any internal combustion engine which uses rotary motion to convert heat energy into mechanical work.

Spark ignition means relating to either: a gasoline-fueled engine; or any other type of engine with a spark plug (or other sparking device) and with operating characteristics significantly similar to the theoretical Otto combustion cycle. Spark ignition engines usually use a throttle to regulate intake air flow to control power during normal operation. Dual-fuel engines in which a liquid fuel (typically diesel fuel) is used for compression ignition and gaseous fuel (typically natural gas) is used as the primary fuel at an annual average ratio of less than 2 parts diesel fuel to 100 parts total fuel on an energy equivalent basis are spark ignition engines.

Stationary internal combustion engine means any internal combustion engine, except combustion turbines, that converts heat energy into mechanical work and is not mobile. Stationary ICE differ from mobile ICE in that a stationary internal combustion engine is not a nonroad engine as defined at 40 CFR 1068.30 (excluding paragraph (2)(ii) of that definition), and is not used to propel a motor vehicle, aircraft, or a vehicle used solely for competition. Stationary ICE include reciprocating ICE, rotary ICE, and other ICE, except combustion turbines.

Stationary internal combustion engine test cell/stand means an engine test cell/stand, as defined in 40 CFR part 63, subpart PPPPP, that tests stationary ICE.

Stoichiometric means the theoretical air-to-fuel ratio required for complete combustion.

Subpart means 40 CFR part 60, subpart JJJJ.

Two-stroke engine means a type of engine which completes the power cycle in single crankshaft revolution by combining the intake and compression operations into one stroke and the power and exhaust operations into a second stroke. This system requires auxiliary scavenging and inherently runs lean of stoichiometric.







Volatile organic compounds means volatile organic compounds as defined in 40 CFR 51.100(s).

Voluntary certification program means an optional engine certification program that manufacturers of stationary SI internal combustion engines with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP) that do not use gasoline and are not rich burn engines that use LPG can choose to participate in to certify their engines to the emission standards in §60.4231(d) or (e), as applicable.

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 59177, Oct. 8, 2008; 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6698, Jan. 30, 2013]



Group Name: 25 PA. CODE § 129.52

Group Description: Applicable if total VOC from surface coating operations still has not exceeded 2.7 TPY.

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
101	SPRAY BOOTH 101
102	SPRAY BOOTH 102
110	SPRAY BOOTH 110

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Implementation of 25 Pa. Code §§ 129.52 and 129.52d]

- (a) If the facility-wide VOC emissions from finish coating (surface coating) operations and related cleaning activities is below 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period, the permittee must comply with either (1) or (2) of this paragraph:
 - (1) § 129.52, included in the current source group (25 PA. CODE § 129.52).
- (i) To demonstrate exemption from § 129.52d, the permittee must comply with the recordkeeping requirement in Condition #003 of the current source group.
- (2) § 129.52d, included in Section E of this operating permit under the Source Group 25 PA. CODE § 129.52D. Pursuant to § 129.52d(a)(3), compliance with § 129.52d assures compliance with § 129.52.
- (b) Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold is triggered, the permittee must comply with § 129.52d.

002 [25 Pa. Code §129.52]

Surface coating processes

- (a) A person may not cause or permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of VOCs from a surface coating process unless the VOC content of each as applied coating is equal to or less than 6.67 pounds of VOC per gallon of coating solids for miscellaneous metal parts & products: air-dried coatings.
- (b) The VOC content of the as applied coating, expressed in units of weight of VOC per volume of coating solids, shall be calculated as follows:

Formula:

VOC = (Wo)(Dc)/Vn

Where:

VOC = VOC content in lb VOC/gal of coating solids

Wo = Weight percent of VOC (Wv-Ww-Wex)

Wv = Weight percent of total volatiles (100%-weight percent solids)

Ww = Weight percent of water

Wex = Weight percent of exempt solvent(s)

Dc = Density of coating, lb/gal, at 25°C

Vn = Volume percent of solids of the as applied coating



- (c) [See IV. Recordkeeping Requirements for this source group]
- (d) The solvents methyl chloroform (1,1,1-trichloroethane) and methylene chloride are exempt from control under this section and § 129.67 (relating to graphic arts systems). A surface coating process which seeks to comply with this section through the use of an exempt solvent may not be included in any alternative standards.
- (e) If more than one emission limitation under miscellaneous metal parts and products applies to a specific coating, the least stringent emission limitation applies.
- (f) [Not Applicable]
- (g) [See IV. Recordkeeping Requirements for this source group]
- (h) The VOC standards in do not apply to a coating used exclusively for determining product quality and commercial acceptance, touch-up and repair and other small quantity coatings if the coating meets the following criteria:
- (1) The quantity of coating used does not exceed 50 gallons per year for a single coating and a total of 200 gallons per year for all coatings combined for the facility.
- (2) The owner or operator of the facility requests, in writing, and the Department approves, in writing, the exemption prior to use of the coating.

[Compliance with the requirement in this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with the provisions found in Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #10]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Authority for this condition is also derived from 25 Pa. Code § 129.52d(f)(2)]

To demonstrate exemption from § 129.52d:

- (a) For each spray booth, the permittee shall keep monthly VOC emissions from finish coating (surface coating) operations and related cleaning activities.
- (b) Compute the 12-month rolling totals of VOC emissions from finish coating operations and related cleaning activities, combined:
- (1) For each spray booth, compute the 12-month rolling total by adding the present monthly emission to the monthly emission total from the previous eleven (11) months.
- (2) Compute the facility-wide 12-month rolling total for finish coating operations and related cleaning activities by adding the 12-month rolling totals for the three spray booths (Sources 101, 102, & 110).

004 [25 Pa. Code §129.52]

Surface coating processes

(c) A facility, regardless of the facility's annual emission rate, which contains surface coating processes shall maintain







records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this section. At a minimum, a facility shall maintain daily records of:

- (1) The following parameters for each coating, thinner and other component as supplied:
 - (i) The coating, thinner or component name and identification number.
 - (ii) The volume used.
 - (iii) The mix ratio.
 - (iv) The density or specific gravity.
 - (v) The weight percent of total volatiles, water, solids and exempt solvents.
 - (vi) The volume percent of solids for Table I surface coating process categories 1-10.
- (2) The VOC content of each coating, thinner and other component as supplied.
- (3) The VOC content of each as applied coating.
- (g) The records shall be maintained for 5 years and shall be submitted to the Department on a schedule reasonably prescribed by the Department.

[Compliance with the requirement in this streamlined permit condition assures compliance with the provisions found in Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #9]

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





Group Name: 25 PA. CODE § 129.52D

Group Description: Applicable once total VOC from surface coating operations exceeded 2.7 TPY.

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
101	SPRAY BOOTH 101
102	SPRAY BOOTH 102
110	SPRAY BOOTH 110

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Implementation of 25 Pa. Code §§ 129.52 and 129.52d]

- (a) If the facility-wide VOC emissions from finish coating (surface coating) operations and related cleaning activities is below 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period, the permittee must comply with either (1) or (2) of this paragraph:
 - (1) § 129.52, included in Section E of this operating permit under the source group 25 PA. CODE § 129.52.
- (i) To demonstrate exemption from § 129.52d, the permittee must comply with the recordkeeping requirement in Condition #003 of Source Group 25 PA. CODE § 129.52.
- (2) § 129.52d, included in the current source group (25 PA. CODE § 129.52D). Pursuant to § 129.52d(a)(3), compliance with § 129.52d assures compliance with § 129.52.
- (b) Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold is triggered, the permittee must comply with § 129.52d.

002 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface

- (d) EMISSION LIMITATIONS. Beginning January 1, 2017, a person subject to subsection (a)(1) may not cause or permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of VOCs from a miscellaneous metal part coating unit or miscellaneous plastic part coating unit, or both, unless emissions of VOCs are controlled in accordance with paragraph (1), (2) or (3).
- (1) COMPLIANT MATERIALS OPTION. The VOC content of each miscellaneous metal part coating or each miscellaneous plastic part coating, as applied, excluding water and exempt compounds, is equal to or less than the VOC content limit for the applicable coating category specified in the applicable table of VOC content limits in Tables I—V.
 - (2) (3) [Not Applicable]
- (4) LEAST RESTRICTIVE VOC LIMIT. If more than one VOC content limit or VOC emission rate limit applies to a specific coating, then the least restrictive VOC content limit or VOC emission rate limit applies.
- (5) COATINGS NOT LISTED IN TABLE I, II, VI or VII. For a miscellaneous metal part or miscellaneous plastic part coating that does not meet the coating categories listed in Table I, II, VI or VII, the VOC content limit or VOC emission rate limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a general one component coating or general multicomponent coating. The corresponding general one component coating or general multicomponent coating limit applies.
 - (6) [Not Applicable]
- (k) MEASUREMENTS AND CALCULATIONS. To determine the properties of a coating or component used in a miscellaneous metal parts surface coating process or miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating process, measurements and calculations shall be performed according to one or more of the following:
 - (2) Manufacturer's formulation data.

[For items (1), (3) to (6), please refer to § 129.52d(k) under Title 25 - Environmental Protection in www.pacode.com]





[Other provisions of § 129.52d are incorporated under appropriate sections of this source group.]

003 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface

TABLE I. VOC CONTENT LIMITS FOR METAL PARTS AND SURFACE COATINGS Weight of VOC per Volume Coating, Less Water & Exempt Compounds as Applied

COATING CATEGORY	AIR D	RIED	BAKEI	D
	kg VOC/	lb VOC/	kg VOC/	Ib VOC/
	liter coating	gal coating	liter coating	gal coating
General One-component	0.34	2.8	0.28	2.3
General Multicomponent	0.34	2.8	0.28	2.3
Camouflage	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Electric-insulating Varnish	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Etching Filler	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Extreme High-gloss	0.42	3.5	0.36	3.0
Extreme Performance	0.42	3.5	0.36	3.0
Heat-resistant	0.42	3.5	0.36	3.0
High-performance Architec	tural 0.74	6.2	0.74	6.2
High-temperature	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Metallic	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Military Specification	0.34	2.8	0.28	2.3
Mold-seal	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Pan-backing	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Prefabricated Architectural	Multicompone	nt		
	0.42	3.5	0.28	2.3
Prefabricated Architectural	•			
	0.42	3.5	0.28	2.3
Pretreatment	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Touch-up and Repair	0.42	3.5	0.36	3.0
Silicone-release	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Solar-absorbent	0.42	3.5	0.36	3.0
Vacuum-metalizing	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Drum Coating, New, Exterior	or 0.34	2.8	0.34	2.8
Drum Coating, New, Interior		3.5	0.42	3.5
Drum Coating, Recondition				
	0.42	3.5	0.42	3.5
Drum Coating, Recondition				
	0.50	4.2	0.50	4.2

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating processes and pleasure craft surface coatings.

- (f) RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
- (1) The owner or operator of a miscellaneous metal part coating unit or miscellaneous plastic part coating unit, or both, subject to subsection (a)(1) shall maintain monthly records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this section. The records must include the following information:
 - (i) The following parameters for each coating, thinner, component and cleaning solvent as supplied:
 - (A) Name and identification number of the coating, thinner, other component or cleaning solvent.
 - (B) Volume used.
 - (C) Mix ratio.
 - (D) Density or specific gravity.
 - (E) Weight percent of total volatiles, water, solids and exempt solvents.
 - (F) Volume percent of total volatiles, water and exempt solvents for the applicable table of limits in Tables I—V.
 - (G) [Not Applicable]
 - (ii) The VOC content of each coating, thinner, other component and cleaning solvent as supplied.
 - (iii) The VOC content of each as applied coating or cleaning solvent.
 - (iv) The calculations performed for each applicable requirement under subsections (d) and (e).
 - (v) The information required in a plan approval issued under subsection (e)(2).
 - (2) [Included under Source Group 25 PA. CODE § 129.52 of this permit.]
- (3) The records shall be maintained onsite for 5 years. [The 2-year recordkeeping requirement of § 129.52d(f) is replaced by the 5-year recordkeeping requirement in Section B of this permit.]
- (4) The records shall be submitted to the Department in an acceptable format upon receipt of a written request from the Department.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating processes and pleasure craft surface coatings.

- (g) COATING APPLICATION METHODS. A person subject to subsection (a)(1) may not cause or permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of VOCs from a miscellaneous metal part coating unit or miscellaneous plastic part coating unit, or both, unless the coatings are applied using one or more of the following coating application methods:
 - (5) High volume-low pressure (HVLP) spray coating.

[For (1) - (4) & (6) - (8), please refer to § 129.52d(g) under Title 25 - Environmental Protection in www.pacode.com.]



006 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating processes and pleasure craft surface coatings.

- (i) WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR COATING-RELATED ACTIVITIES. The owner or operator of a miscellaneous metal part coating unit or miscellaneous plastic part coating unit, or both, subject to subsection (a)(1) shall comply with the following work practices for coating-related activities:
 - (1) Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners or coating-related waste materials in closed containers.
- (2) Ensure that mixing and storage containers used for VOC-containing coatings, thinners or coating-related waste materials are kept closed at all times, except when depositing or removing these coatings, thinners or waste materials.
- (3) Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners or coating-related waste materials and clean up spills immediately.
- (4) Convey VOC-containing coatings, thinners or coating-related waste materials from one location to another in closed containers or pipes.

007 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating processes and pleasure craft surface coatings.

- (j) WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR CLEANING MATERIALS. The owner or operator of a miscellaneous metal part coating unit or miscellaneous plastic part coating unit subject to subsection (a)(1) shall comply with the following work practices for cleaning materials:
 - (1) Store all VOC-containing cleaning materials and used shop towels in closed containers.
- (2) Ensure that mixing vessels and storage containers used for VOC-containing cleaning materials are kept closed at all times except when depositing or removing these materials.
 - (3) Minimize spills of VOC-containing cleaning materials and clean up spills immediately.
 - (4) Convey VOC-containing cleaning materials from one location to another in closed containers or pipes.
- (5) Minimize VOC emissions from cleaning of application, storage, mixing or conveying equipment by ensuring that equipment cleaning is performed without atomizing the cleaning solvent and all spent solvent is captured in closed containers.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

008 [25 Pa. Code §129.52d]

Control of VOC emissions from miscellaneous metal parts surface coating processes, miscellaneous plastic parts surface coating processes and pleasure craft surface coatings.

- (a) APPLICABILITY.
- (1) This section applies to the owner and operator of a miscellaneous metal part surface coating process or miscellaneous plastic part surface coating process, or both, if the total actual VOC emissions from all miscellaneous metal part coating units and miscellaneous plastic part coating units, including related cleaning activities, at the facility are equal to or greater than 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period, before consideration of controls.
- (2) This section applies, as specified, to the owner and operator of a miscellaneous metal part surface coating process or miscellaneous plastic part surface coating process, or both, if the total actual VOC emissions from all miscellaneous metal part coating units and miscellaneous plastic part coating units, including related cleaning activities, at the facility are below 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period, before consideration of controls.
- (3) Compliance with the VOC emission limits and other requirements of this section assures compliance with the VOC emission limits and other requirements of § 129.52 (relating to surface coating processes) for the miscellaneous metal parts and products surface coating processes as specified in § 129.52, Table I, Category 10.



- (4) [Not Applicable]
- (5) This section does not apply to an owner or operator in the use or application of the following:
 - (i) (xi) [Omitted]
 - (xii) Miscellaneous industrial adhesives.
 - (xiii) (xv) [Omitted]
- (b) DEFINITIONS. The following words and terms, when used in this section, have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

[For the terminology used in this section, please refer to § 129.52d(b) under Title 25 - Environmental Protection in www.pacode.com.]

- (c) [Not Applicable]
- (d) [See I. Restrictions for this source group.]
- (e) COMPLIANCE AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.
- (1) ALL OWNERS AND OPERATORS. Regardless of the facility's VOC emissions, the owner or operator of a miscellaneous metal part surface coating process or miscellaneous plastic part surface coating process, or both, subject to subsection (a)(1) or (2), shall comply with this section as specified throughout this section. For an owner or operator subject only to subsection (a)(2), the compliance requirements are the recordkeeping requirements in subsection (f)(2).
 - (2) [Not Applicable]
- (f) [See IV. Recordkeeping Requirements for this source group.]
- (g) [See VI. Work Practice Requirements for this source group.]
- (h) EXEMPT COATINGS AND EXEMPT COATING UNIT OPERATIONS.
 - (1) The requirements of subsections (d) and (g) do not apply to the application of the following coatings to a metal part:

[For items (i) to (vii), please refer to § 129.52d(h)(1) under Title 25 - Environmental Protection in www.pacode.com.]

- (2) (3) [Not Applicable]
- (4) The requirements of subsection (g) do not apply to the following activities:
 - (i) Application of a touch-up coating, repair coating or textured finish to a metal part.
 - (ii) [Not Applicable]
 - (iii) Airbrush application of coating to a metal part or plastic part using no more than 5 gallons of coating per year.
 - (iv) (v) [Not Applicable]
- (i) (j) [See VI. Work Practice Requirements]



Group Name: 25 PA. CODE § 129.77

Group Description: Applicable to operations involving adhesives, adhesive primers. Included in PA 62-150C & D.

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
101	SPRAY BOOTH 101
102	SPRAY BOOTH 102
110	SPRAY BOOTH 110

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

- (d) The VOC content limits in Table VI for adhesives or sealants applied to particular substrates apply as follows:
- (1) If an owner or operator of a facility uses or applies at the facility an adhesive or sealant subject to a specific VOC content limit in Table V, the specific limit is applicable rather than the adhesive-to-substrate limit in Table VI.
- (2) If an owner or operator of a facility uses or applies at the facility an adhesive to bond dissimilar substrates together, the applicable substrate category with the highest VOC content limit is the limit for this use.
- (e) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section using or applying a surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent at the facility may not:
- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) for single-ply roof membrane, use materials containing VOCs for surface preparation, unless the VOC content of the surface preparation solvent is less than 70 grams per liter of material or 0.6 pound of VOC per gallon of material.
 - (2) [Not Applicable]
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (f), use cleanup solvent materials containing VOCs for the removal of adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers or sealant primers from surfaces, other than from the parts of spray application equipment, unless the composite partial vapor pressure of the solvent is less than or equal to 45 mm mercury at 20° C.
- (f) Removal of an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer from the parts of spray application equipment shall be performed by one or more of the following methods:
- (1) Using an enclosed cleaning system, or an equivalent cleaning system as determined by the test method identified in subsection (z).
- (2) Using a solvent with a VOC content less than or equal to 70 grams of VOC per liter of material or 0.6 pound of VOC per gallon of material.
- (3) Soaking parts containing dried adhesive in a solvent if the composite partial vapor pressure of the solvent, excluding water and exempt compounds, is less than or equal to 9.5 mm mercury at 20° C and the parts and solvent are in a closed container that remains closed except when adding parts to or removing parts from the container.
- (i) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section may not solicit, require or specify the use or application of an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent if the use or application would result in a violation of this section, unless the emissions are controlled through the use of add-on air pollution control equipment as specified in subsection (g). The prohibition of this subsection applies to all written or oral contracts created on or after January 1, 2012, under which an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent subject to this section is to be used or applied at a facility in this Commonwealth.
- (j) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section who uses or applies an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer subject to this section may not add solvent to the adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer in an amount in excess of the manufacturer's recommendation for application, if this addition causes the adhesive, sealant,





adhesive primer or sealant primer to exceed the applicable VOC content limit listed in Table V or VI, unless the emissions are controlled through the use of add-on air pollution control equipment as specified in subsection (g).

(bb) For adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products that do not contain reactive diluents, grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, less water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Ws - Ww - We) / (Vm - Vw - Ve)

Where:

Ws = weight of volatile compounds, in grams.

Ww = weight of water, in grams.

We = weight of exempt compounds, in grams.

Vm = volume of material, in liters.

Vw = volume of water, in liters.

Ve = volume of exempt compounds, in liters.

(cc) For adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products that contain reactive diluents, the VOC content of the product is determined after curing. The grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, less water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Wrs - Wrw - Wre) / (Vrm - Vrw - Vre)

Where:

Wrs = weight of volatile compounds not consumed during curing, in grams.

Wrw = weight of water not consumed during curing, in grams.

Wre = weight of exempt compounds not consumed during curing, in grams.

Vrm = volume of material not consumed during curing, in liters.

Vrw = volume of water not consumed during curing, in liters.

Vre = volume of exempt compounds not consumed during curing, in liters.

(dd) For low-solids adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products, grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, including the volume of water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Ws - Ww - We) / Vm

Where:

Ws = weight of volatile compounds, in grams.

Ww = weight of water, in grams.

We = weight of exempt compounds, in grams.

Vm = volume of material, in liters.

(ee) Percent VOC by weight shall be calculated according to the following equation:

% VOC by weight = $[(Wv/W)] \times 100$

Where:

Wv = weight of VOCs, in grams.

W = weight of material, in grams.

(ff) To convert from grams per liter (g/l) to pounds per gallon (lb/gal), multiply the result (VOC content) by 8.345 x 10-3 (lb/gal/g/l).

[Other applicable provisions of 25 Pa. Code § 129.77 are incorporated under appropriate sections of this source group.]]

002 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

TABLE V. VOC CONTENT LIMITS FOR ADHESIVES, SEALANTS, ADHESIVE PRIMERS AND SEALANT PRIMERS, AS APPLIES



Column 1 - Adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer category

Column 2 - VOC content limit (pounds VOC per gallon, less water and exempt compounds)*

Column 3 - VOC content limit (grams VOC per liter, less water and exempt compounds)*

ADHESIVES

Contact bond 2.1 250

Metal to urethane/rubber molding or casting 7.1 850

Sheet rubber installation 7.1 850

Tire retread 0.8 100

ADHESIVE PRIMERS

Other 2.1 250

*The VOC content is determined as the weight of VOC per volume of product, less water and exempt compounds, as specified in subsections (bb) and (cc) or as the weight of VOC per volume of product, as specified in subsection (dd).

TABLE VI. VOC CONTENT LIMITS FOR ADHESIVE OR SEALANT PRODUCTS APPLIED TO PARTICULAR SUBSTRATES, AS APPLIED

Column 1 - Adhesive or Sealant Products Applied to the Listed Substrate

Column 2 - VOC content limit (pounds VOC per gallon, less water and exempt compounds)*

Column 3 - VOC content limit (grams VOC per liter, less water and exempt compounds)*

Fiberglass 1.7 200 Rubber 2.1 250

Other substrates 2.1 250

*The VOC content is determined as the weight of VOC per volume of product, less water and exempt compounds, as specified in subsections (bb) and (cc) or as the weight of VOC per volume of product, as specified in subsection (dd).

[VOC content limits included in this permit are those identified to be applicable to operations performed by the permittee. For other VOC content limits for other categories (Table V) and other substrates (Table VI), please refer to 25 Pa. Code § 129.77 in www.pacode.com.]

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

- (o) Except as provided in subsection (p), each owner or operator subject to this section shall maintain records demonstrating compliance with this section, including the following information:
- (1) A list of each adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent and cleanup solvent product in use and in storage.
 - (2) A data sheet or material list which provides the product name, manufacturer identification and use or material



application for each product included on the list required under paragraph (1).

- (3) The VOC content of each product on the list required under paragraph (1), as supplied.
- (4) Catalysts, reducers or other components used and the mix ratio.
- (5) The VOC content or vapor pressure of each product on the list required by paragraph (1), as applied, if solvent or other VOC is added to the product before application.
 - (6) The volume purchased or produced of each product on the list required under paragraph (1).
- (7) The monthly volume used or applied as part of a manufacturing process at the facility of each product on the list required under paragraph (1).
- (p) For an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer and sealant primer product subject to the laboratory testing exemption of subsection (k)(1), the person conducting the testing shall make and maintain records of all products used, including the following information:
 - (1) The product name.
 - (2) The product category of the material or type of application.
 - (3) The VOC content of the material.
- (q) Records made to determine compliance with this section shall be:
 - (1) Maintained onsite for 5 years from the date the record is created.
 - (2) Made available to the Department upon receipt of a written request.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

(h) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section shall store or dispose of all absorbent materials, including cloth or paper, which are moistened with adhesives, sealants, primers, surface preparation solvents or cleanup solvents subject to this section, in nonabsorbent containers at the facility that are kept closed except when placing materials in or removing materials from the container.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

- (a) This section applies to the owner or operator of a facility that uses or applies one or more of the following at the facility on or after January 1, 2012:
 - (1) An adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer subject to the VOC content limits in Table V.
 - (2) An adhesive or sealant product applied to the listed substrate subject to the VOC content limits in Table VI.
 - (3) A surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent.
- (b) On or after January 1, 2012, an owner or operator of a facility may not use or apply at the facility an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer that exceeds the applicable VOC content limit in Table V or VI, except as provided





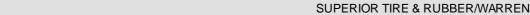
elsewhere in this section.

- (c) On or after January 1, 2012, an owner or operator of a facility may not use or apply at the facility a surface preparation or cleanup solvent that exceeds the applicable VOC content limit or composite partial vapor pressure requirements of this section, except as provided elsewhere in this section.
- (d) (f) [See I. Restrictions for this source group]
- (g) [Not Applicable]
- (h) [See VI. Work Practice Requirements for this source group]
- (i) (j) [See I. Restrictions for this source group]
- (k) This section does not apply to the use or application of the following compounds or products:
- (1) Adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers or sealant primers being tested or evaluated in a research and development, quality assurance or analytical laboratory, if records are maintained as required in subsections (p) and (q).
 - (2) [Omitted]
- (3) Adhesives and sealants that contain less than 20 grams of VOC per liter of adhesive or sealant, less water and less exempt compounds, as applied.
 - (4) Cyanoacrylate adhesives.
- (5) Adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers or sealant primers that are sold or supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of 16 fluid ounces or less, or a net weight of 1 pound or less, except plastic cement welding adhesives and contact adhesives.
- (6) Contact adhesives that are sold or supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of 1 gallon or less.
- (I) This section does not apply to the use of adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers, sealant primers, surface preparation solvents or cleanup solvents in the following operations:
 - (1) Tire repair operations, if the label of the adhesive states, "For tire repair only."
 - (2) (4) [Not Applicable]
- (m) This section does not apply if the total VOC emissions from all adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers and sealant primers used or applied at the facility are less than 200 pounds or an equivalent volume, per calendar year. An owner or operator of a facility claiming exemption under this subsection shall record and maintain operational records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this exemption, in accordance with subsections (o)—(q).
- (n) This section does not apply to the use or application of a noncomplying adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent if the total volume of noncomplying adhesives, sealants, primers, surface preparation and cleanup solvents used or applied facility-wide does not exceed 55 gallons per calendar year. An owner or operator of a facility claiming exemption under this subsection shall record and maintain operational records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this exemption, in accordance with subsections (o)—(q).
- (o) (g) [See IV. Recordkeeping Requirements for this source group]
- (r) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the VOC and solids content of nonaerosol adhesives (including one-part moisture cure urethane adhesives and silicone adhesives), sealants, adhesive primers, sealant primers, surface preparation solvents and cleanup solvents shall be determined using one of the following:



- (1) EPA Reference Method 24, Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings, found at 40 CFR 60, Subpart D, Appendix A, including updates and revisions.
- (2) SCAQMD Method 304, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (s) The weight volatile matter content and weight solids content for one-part or multiple part reactive adhesives, except one-part moisture cure urethane adhesives and silicone adhesives, shall be determined using the EPA Reference Method, Determination of Weight Volatile Matter Content and Weight Solids Content of Reactive Adhesives, found at 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPPP, Appendix A, including updates and revisions.
- (t) The identity and concentration of exempt organic compounds shall be determined using one of the following:
- (1) ASTM D4457, Standard Test Method for Determination of Dichloromethane and 1,1,1-Trichloroethane in Paints and Coatings by Direct Injection into a Gas Chromatograph, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA including updates and revisions.
- (2) SCAQMD Method 303, Determination of Exempt Compounds, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (u) The VOC content of a plastic cement welding adhesive or primer shall be determined using SCAQMD Method 316A, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Materials Used for Pipes and Fittings, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (v) To determine if a diluent is a reactive diluent, the percentage of the reactive organic compound that becomes an integral part of the finished material shall be determined using SCAQMD Method 316A, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Materials Used for Pipes and Fittings, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (w) The composite partial vapor pressure of organic compounds in cleaning materials shall be determined by the following procedure:
- (1) Quantifying the amount of each compound in the blend using gas chromatographic analysis, using the following methods:
- (i) ASTM E260, Standard Practice for Packed Column Gas Chromatography, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, for organic content, including updates and revisions.
- (ii) ASTM D3792, Standard Test Method for Water Content of Coatings by Direct Injection Into a Gas Chromatograph, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, for water content, including updates and revisions.
- (2) Calculating the composite partial vapor pressure using equation (2) from 25 Pa. Code Section 129.77(w)(2). [Can be accessed at www.pacode.com]
- (x) The vapor pressure of each single component compound shall be determined from one or more of the following:
- (1) ASTM D2879, Standard Test Method for Vapor Pressure-Temperature Relationship and Initial Decomposition Temperature of Liquids by Isoteniscope, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, including updates and revisions.
 - (2) The most recent edition of one or more of the following sources:
 - (i) Vapour Pressures of Pure Substances, Boublik, Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company, New York.
 - (ii) Perry's Chemical Engineers' Handbook, Green and Perry, McGraw-Hill Book Company.





- (iii) CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, CRC Press.
- (iv) Lange's Handbook of Chemistry, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- (v) Additional sources approved by the SCAQMD or other California air districts.
- (y) [Not Applicable]

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- (z) The active and passive solvent losses from the use of an enclosed spray gun cleaning system or equivalent cleaning system, as listed in subsection (f)(1), shall be determined using the SCAQMD method, General Test Method for Determining Solvent Losses from Spray Gun Cleaning Systems, dated October 3, 1989, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (1) The test solvent for this determination shall be a lacquer thinner with a minimum vapor pressure of 105 mm of mercury at 20° C.
 - (2) The minimum test temperature shall be 15° C.
- (aa) Another test method may be used to determine the VOC or solids content of a product if the request for approval of the test method meets the following requirements:
 - (1) The request is submitted to the Department in writing.
- (2) The request demonstrates that the test method provides results that accurately determine the concentration of VOCs in the product or its emissions.
 - (3) The Department approves the request in writing.
- (bb) (ff) [See I. Restrictions for this source group]



Group Name: SPRAY BOOTHS 101 & 102

Group Description: Common requirements for Spray Booths 101 & 102.

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
101	SPRAY BOOTH 101
102	SPRAY BOOTH 102

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

- (a) Subsections (b) and (c) apply to all processes except combustion units, incinerators and pulp mill smelt dissolving tanks.
- (b) Not applicable
- (c) For processes not listed in subsection (b)(1), including but not limited to, coke oven battery waste heat stacks and autogeneous zinc coker waste heat stacks, the following shall apply:
- (1) Prohibited emissions. No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from any process not listed in subsection (b)(1) in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds any of the following:
- (i) 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, when the effluent gas volume is less than 150,000 dry standard cubic feet per minute.
 - (ii) Not applicable
 - (iii) Not applicable
 - (2) Allowable emissions. Allowable emissions under this subsection are graphically indicated in Appendix C.

(d) Not applicable

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

(a) VOC emissions from the surface coating booth and adhesive booth (combined) shall not exceed 45 tons in any twelve (12) month rolling period. [This condition replaces Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #6]

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

(c) The facility is subject to 25 PA Code 129.77 on or after January 1, 2012.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #11]

(a) The facility shall keep records of the adhesives used and the VOC and HAP emissions from the adhesives.

[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #14]

(b) The pressure gauges, measuring pressure drop across the dry filter bank shall be maintained in working, readable condition at all times. The pressure drop across the filters shall be maintained in the appropriate pressure drop range, as dictated by the gauge manufacturer and previous gauge operating parameters. Readings will be recorded weekly, and a record of the readings and maintenance log, which would include when filters are changed, will be kept for five years.

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

- (c) The facility shall maintain records of the following from the operational inspections:
- 1. Leak detection of lines and guns

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

The facility shall determine that proposed changes in coatings and formulations are compliant with the emission limitation from Table 1 of 25 PA Code 129.52 prior to implementation of the new coating or formulation. This determination shall be done by one of the following methods:

- (1) Calculation of the VOC content of the as applied coating as in 25 PA Code 129.52(b)(1)(i)
- (2) As applied coating sampling done in accordance with EPA methods
- (3) Coating certified product data sheets or equivalent when no additional solvents are added

After the company has determined that the coating or formulation meets the required emission limitation, the facility shall notify the Department of the new coating or formulation at least two weeks prior to implementation. [This condition replaces Condition #5 from Plan Approval 62-150A - Proposed changes in coatings and formulations shall be indicated to the Department at least two weeks prior to implementation.]

[Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold of § 129.52d is triggered, the permittee must comply with VOC content limits in § 129.52d.]

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

(a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the automated adhesive spray system when in operation.

[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition # 7]

(b) The source shall not operate when the control device is not operating.

[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition # 12]

(c) A magnehelic gauge (or equivalent) shall be permanently installed and maintained at a conveniently readable location to indicate the pressure drop across the collector.

[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition #15]

(d) Whenever a condition in this permit requires the measurement of pressure drop across any part of the unit or its control device, the gauge employed shall have a scale such that the expected normal reading shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.



[From: Plan Approval # 62-150A, Condition # 13]

(e) The facility shall maintain the pressure drop across the collector between 0.01 to 0.5 inches of water column.

[Plan Approval 62-150C]

- (f) The facility shall comply with the following BAT requirements:
- (1) As-applied coatings (which do not include adhesives) used in the spray booths shall comply with the applicable limit(s) in 25 PA Code 129.52.

[Once the 2.7 tons per 12-month rolling period threshold of § 129.52d is triggered, the permittee must comply with VOC content limits in § 129.52d.]

- (2) All spray guns used in these booths shall be of the high volume, low pressure (HVLP) type, or a type equivalent to or better than HVLP in terms of transfer efficiency.
- (3) All spray guns shall be cleaned as needed or before allowing to set idle for extended periods. All spray guns used in these booths shall always be cleaned with enclosed spray gun cleaning equipment designed specifically for this purpose.
 - (4) The system shall be checked daily for leaks of lines and guns.
- (5) Good housekeeping practices shall be followed at all times, including but not limited to, any spills of adhesive, paint and solvent being cleaned up immediately, and containers of adhesive, paint and solvent kept closed when not in use.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

[Plan Approval 62-150D]

(a) The Department has determined that the use of P-11/MEK adhesive as a primer along with the use of the 520EF/Xylene adhesive is allowable under the equivalency provisions of 129.51.

007 [25 Pa. Code §129.51]

General

- (a) Equivalency. Compliance with § \$ 129.52, 129.52a, 129.52b, 129.52c, 129.54—129.69, 129.71—129.73 and 129.77 may be achieved by alternative methods if the following exist:
 - (1) The alternative method is approved by the Department in an applicable plan approval or operating permit, or both.
- (2) The resulting emissions are equal to or less than the emissions that would have been discharged by complying with the applicable emission limitation.
- (3) Compliance by a method other than the use of a low VOC coating, adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent, cleanup solvent, cleaning solution, fountain solution or ink which meets the applicable emission limitation in § § 129.52, 129.52a, 129.52b, 129.52c, 129.67, 129.67a, 129.67b, 129.73 and 129.77 shall be determined on the basis of equal volumes of solids.
 - (4) Capture efficiency testing and emissions testing are conducted in accordance with methods approved by the EPA.
 - (5) Adequate records are maintained to ensure enforceability.
- (6) The alternative compliance method is incorporated into a plan approval or operating permit, or both, reviewed by the EPA, including the use of an air cleaning device to comply with § 129.52, § 129.52a, § 129.52b, § 129.52c, § 129.67, § 129.67b, § 129.67b, § 129.68(b)(2) and (c)(2), § 129.73 or § 129.77.
- (b) New source performance standards. Sources covered by new source performance standards which are more stringent than those contained in this chapter shall comply with those standards in lieu of the standards in this chapter.
- (c) Demonstration of compliance. Unless otherwise set forth in this chapter, test methods and procedures used to monitor







compliance with the emission requirements of this section are those specified in Chapter 139 (relating to sampling and testing).

- (d) Records. The owner or operator of a facility or source subject to one or more of the VOC emission limitations and control requirements in this chapter shall keep records to demonstrate compliance with the applicable limitation or control requirement.
- (1) The records shall provide sufficient data and calculations to clearly demonstrate that the applicable emission limitation or control requirement is met. Data or information required to determine compliance with an applicable limitation shall be recorded and maintained in a time frame consistent with the averaging period of the standard.
- (2) The records shall be maintained onsite for 2 years, unless a longer period is required by a plan approval or operating permit issued under Chapter 127 (relating to construction, modification, reactivation and operation of sources). The records shall be made available to the Department on request.
- (e) Demonstration of exempt status. The owner or operator of a facility or source claiming that the facility or source is exempt from the VOC control provisions of this chapter shall maintain records that clearly demonstrate to the Department that the facility or source is not subject to the VOC emission limitations or control requirements of this chapter.





SECTION F. Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this State Only facility.







SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

Source Id Source Description

030 BOILER 1

Emission Limit Pollutant
4.000 Lbs/MMBTU SOX

031 BOILER 2

Emission LimitPollutant4.000 Lbs/MMBTUSOX

033 BOILER 3 (LOW PRESSURE BOILER)

Emission LimitPollutant4.000Lbs/MMBTUSOX

101 SPRAY BOOTH 101

Emission Limit			Pollutant
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP
6.670	Lbs/Gal	Lbs VOC/Gal of coating solids.	VOC
45.000	Tons/Yr	combined based on 12-month rolling total	VOC

102 SPRAY BOOTH 102

Emission Limit			Pollutant
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP
6.670	Lbs/Gal	Lbs VOC/Gal of coating solids.	VOC
45.000	Tons/Yr	combined based on 12-month rolling total	VOC

105 BURN OFF OVENS (2)

Emission Limit			Pollutant	
500.000	PPMV	Dry basis, by volume.	SOX	
0.020	gr/DRY FT3		TSP	

109 MISC, NATURAL GAS USAGE

Emission Limit			Pollutant
500.000	PPMV	dry basis	SOX
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP

110 SPRAY BOOTH 110

Emission Limit			Pollutant
8.520 Tons/Yr		based on a 12-month rolling total (toluene)	Hazardous Air Pollutants
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP
6.670	Lbs/Gal	Lbs VOC/Gal of coating solids.	VOC
22.000	Tons/Yr	based on a 12-month rolling total	VOC
45.000	Tons/Yr	based on a 12-month rolling total for this booth and Sources 101 & 102 combined	VOC







SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

	Source Id	Source Description			
	111	KOHLER NATURAL (GAS EMERGENCY GENERATOR		
	Emission Limit			Pollutant	
	500.000	PPMV	Dry basis.	SOX	
	0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP	
- 1					

Site Emission Restriction Summary

Emission Limit		Pollutant
49.500 Tons/Yr	based on a 12-month rolling total	VOC
24.900 Tons/Yr	total HAPs based on a 12-month rolling total	Hazardous Air Pollutants
9.900 Tons/Yr	single HAP based on a 12-month rolling total	Hazardous Air Pollutants



SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

- (a) The Capacity/Throughput numbers listed in Section A, the Site Inventory List, and provided in Section D of this permit for individual sources are for informational purposes only and are not to be considered enforceable limits. Enforceable limits are listed in the Restrictions section in Section D (i.e., for each source) and in Section E (i.e., for sources included in the source groups). The emission limitations contained in Section G of this permit are also for informational purposes only and are not to be considered enforceable limits.
- (b) Source ID #109: Miscellaneous natural gas usage comprised of following sources. As of 2019 permit renewal, total heat input rating is 39.35 mmbtu/hr.

GAS-FIRED OVENS (total heat input rating of 21.37 mmbtu/hr)

- (1) Precision Quincy, 0.75 mmbtu/hr
- (2) Steelman, 1.00 mmbtu/hr
- (3) Despatch, 0.75 mmbtu/hr
- (4) Gehnrich, 1.50 mmbtu/hr
- (5) Precision Quincy, 0.40 mmbtu/hr
- (6) Precision Quincy, 0.75 mmbtu/hr. (Designated as PH-18. Relocated at Betts facility.)
- (7) Despatch, 1.00 mmbtu/hr. (Designated as PH-19. Relocated at Betts facility.)
- (8) Precision Quincy (2), 0.50 mmbtu/hr, total of 1.00 mmbtu/hr
- (9) Precision Quincy, 0.08 mmbtu/hr
- (10) Steelman, 0.641 mmbtu/hr
- (11) Lanly, 0.4 mmbtu/hr
- (12) Polyurethane Molding 1, with curing oven, 2.4 mmbtu/hr
- (13) Polyurethane molding 2, with curing ovens, 1.6 mmbtu/hr. (Relocated to Betts facility. For initial curing of polyurethane molded parts.)
 - (14) JPW Design & Manufacturing, 2.0 mmbtu/hr. (T-4. Betts facility. For curing polyurethane molded parts.)
 - (15) Woodrig Manufacturing, 2.5 mmbtu/hr. (PC-14. Betts facility. For final curing of polyurethane products.)
 - (16) 0.80 mmbtu/hr. (PH-17. Betts facility. For preheating 55-gal steel drums of polyurethane resin prior mixing.)
 - (17) 0.80 mmbtu/hr. (PH-16. Betts facility. For preheating steel inserts & molds prior to molding.)
 - (18) Precision Quincy, 0.40 mmbtu/hr. (PH-15. Existing/main facility. For preheating steel inserts & molds prior to molding.)
 - (19) JPW Design & Manufacturing, 0.50 mmbtu/hr. (PH-5. Main facility. For preheating steel inserts & molds prior to molding.)
 - (20) JPW Design & Manufacturing, 0.50 mmbtu/hr. (PH-6. Main facility. For preheating steel inserts & molds.)
- (21) Armature Coil Equipment, Inc., 0.8 mmbtu/hr. (PFPH-1. For preheating rubber slugs &/or molds prior to molding. Also for preheating molded rubber parts.)
 - (22) JPW Design & Manufacturing, 0.8 mmbtu/hr. (For preheating steel inserts & molds prior to molding.)

GAS-FIRED HEATERS (total heat input rating of 17.98 mmbtu/hr)

- (1) Powermatic Economizer, 0.875 mmbtu/hr
- (2) Spectrum, 0.399 mmbtu/hr
- (3) Lochinvar, 0.5 mmbtu/hr
- (4) Lenox Elite Series (2), 0.1 mmbtu/hr, total of 0.2 mmbtu/hr
- (5) Lennox Pulse, 0.1 mmbtu/hr
- (6) Bessamairer, 9.504 mmbtu/hr
- (7) Comfortmaker (2), 0.05 mmbtu/hr, total of 0.1 mmbtu/hr
- (8) Universal (3), 0.150 mmbtu/hr, total of 0.450 mmbtu/hr
- (9) State, 0.2 mmbtu/hr
- (10) Dayton Heater, 0.1 mmbtu/hr
- (11) Raznor Heater, 0.4 mmbtu/hr
- (12) Dayton Heater, 0.15 mmbtu/hr
- (13) Rupp Air Management Systems (model CFA 36), 3.8 mmbtu/hr. (Located at Betts facility)
- (14) Rupp Air Management Systems (model CFA-M 20), 1.2 mmbtu/hr. (Located at Betts facility)
- (c) Source ID #105: This source is comprised of the following burn off ovens
- (1) New Oven. Steelman Industries, model 666-BA-R-HF. Primary burner rated at 0.469 mmbtu/hr, afterburner rated at 0.7 mmbtu/hr. Authorized through RFD issued on May 17, 2012 as a replacement.
- (2) Rebuilt Oven. Steelman Industries, model 565 BA-R. Primary burner rated at 0.242 mmbtu/hr, afterburner rated at 0.381 mmbtu/hr. First authorized through GP-4 (GP4-62-150) issued on July 11, 2002 but replaced by the new oven & decommissioned in May 2012. With GP-4 issued on August 25, 2014, the oven was rebuilt & put back into service.
- (d) Insignificant sources



SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

The following sources are insignificant and do not need any restriction, monitoring, resting, recordkeeping, reporting or work practice standard requirements:

- (1) Machining.
- (2) Grinding.
- (3) Pangborn Shot Blasting exhausts inside the facility..
- (4) Plasma Cutter that exhausts inside the facility.
- (5) Rubber Operations (Pressing, Milling).

(e) Permit History

- (1) 9/17/2004: Administrative amendment to incorporate the missing condition #5 of Plan Approval # 62150A into the permit.
- (2) This permit was reissued on 06/04/2009.
- (3) This permit was administratively amended on January 26, 2012 to incorporate the requirements of plan approval 62-150C.
- (4) This permit was renewed on May 20, 2014.
- (5) This permit was administratively amended on October 10, 2014 to incorporate the requirements of plan approval 62-150D.
- (6) This permit was renewed on June 4, 2019.





***** End of Report ******